LUMA Centre Finland; https://www.luma.fi/en/



International StarT LUMA programme since year 2016

AN EXAMPLE OF OUR DESIGN-BASED RESEARCH PROJECT CO-DESIGNING SCIENCE CLUBS FOR NON-FORMAL STE(A)M LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

-Director of the programme, Professor Maija Aksela, LUMA Science Ambassador, First director of LUMA Centre Finland (2013-2025) -Project manager, doctoral researcher, education manager at LUMAlab Gadolin, Dr Outi Haatainen, International StarT LUMA programme, LUMA Centre Finland LUMAlab Gadolin & The Unit of Chemistry Teacher Education Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Helsinki, Finland

HELSINGINLYMOPIGTOTINIAND HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI Co-designing science clubs / Aksela & Haatainen



OUR RESEARCH INTERESTS IN A PILOT STUDY

- RQ1: How to co-design an inspiring science club for non-formal learning environments (after school)? (reported here)
- RQ2: What kind of pedagogical solution for a student-centred science club can be produced as a product of co-designing? (reported here)
- RQ3: How relevant is this kind of collaborative learning for students, student teachers and teachers learning during a science club? (later reported)

Cultural sustainability approach: How to find novel solutions for inspiring all students in science?

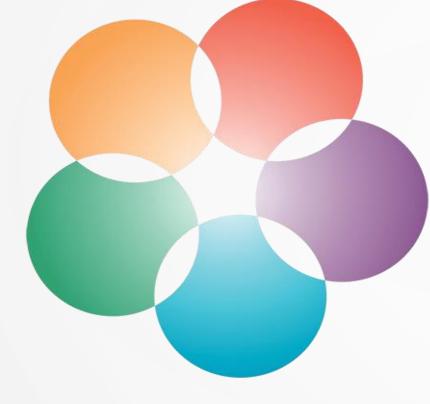




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Joy of Science for all!



"LUMA flower"

The philosophy behind the LUMA logo

Together we are more! (motto)
 Light in the middle is the light in students' – makers of future -eyes when they are engaged on science.

LUMA is the brand for Finnish science education. It is abbreviated from "luonnontieteet, the Finnish word for natural sciences, and "matematiikka", the Finnish word for mathematics. A means all subjects/all sciences (STEAM approach/pedagogy).

> LUMA CENTRE COLLABORATION SINCE THE YEAR 2003

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LUMA Centre Finland: An Example of Design-based Research Project

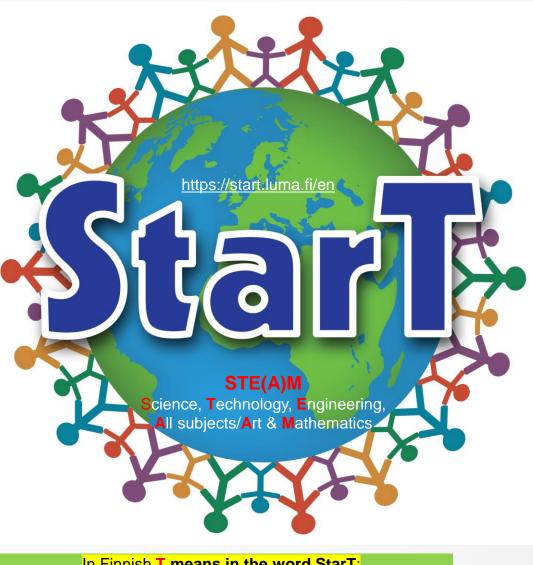
INTERNATIONAL START LUMA PROGRAMME

- Aims to engage children, youth, teachers, and families on novel math, science and technology education (STEAM) education through collaboration and sharing
- An innovative and supportive platform designed to enhance collaborative project-based learning
- Rooted in research and aligned with the latest core curriculum of Finland
- Organized by the LUMA Centre Finland and its cooperation partners since 2016

Research papers and theses, e.g.

Haatainen, O., & Aksela, M. (2021). Project-based learning in integrated science education: Active teachers' perceptions and practices. *LUMAT: International Journal on Math, Science and Technology Education*, *9*(1), 149–173. <u>https://doi.org/10.31129/LUMAT.9.1.1392</u> (A part of her Ph.D. thesis)

"Every child and youth can be a Star through Teamwork"



In Finnish T means in the word StarT: Tiede (science), Teknologia (technology), Työelämä (working life), Tulevaisuus (future), Taide (art)...

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Learning through sharing START LUMA PROGRAMME SINCE 2016



Research papers and theses, e.g.

Markula, A. E., & Aksela, M. (2022). The key characteristics of project-based learning: how teachers implement projects in K-12 science education. *Disciplinary and interdisciplinary science education research*, *4*, Artikkeli 4:2. https://doi.org/10.1186/s43031-021-00042-x

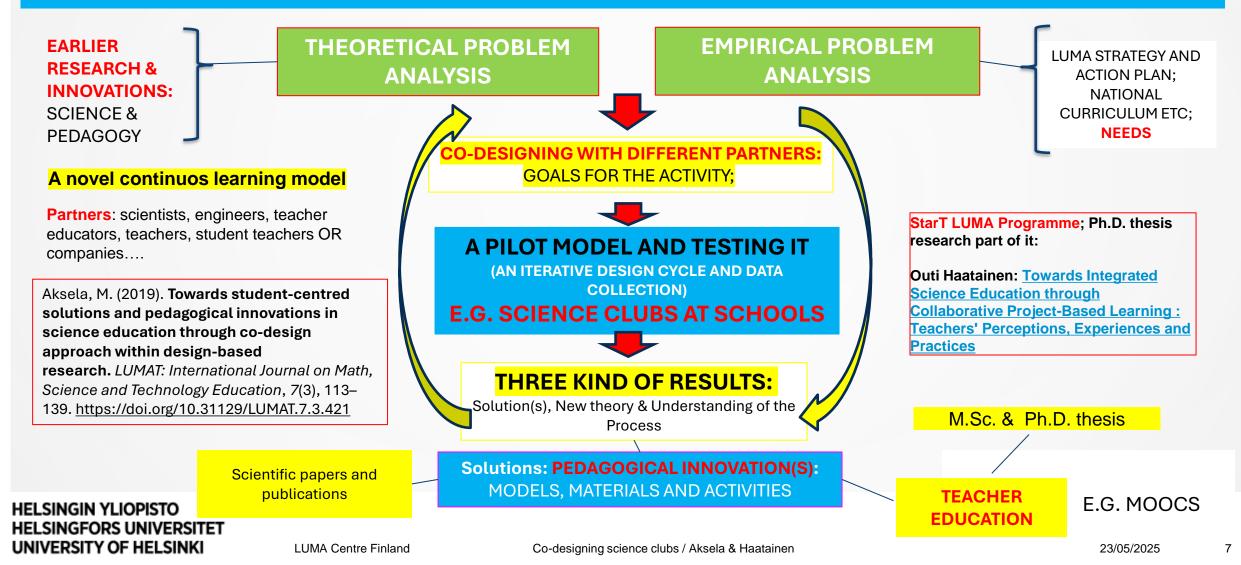
A material bank (awarded solutions around the world; 3 minutes videos etc): https://start.luma.fi/en/materials/

Virtual StarT LUMA science club for kids in English: https://start.luma.fi/en/start-programme/start-goedu-virtual-science-club/

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Research-based solutions: COLLABORATIVE DESIGN-BASED RESEARCH AS A FRAMEWORK TOOL





START LUMA 2024-25 PILOT MODEL

co-designing and co-creating novel models between universities, schools and society through collaboration with some countries



Our research project

Different models between universities and schools

Science clubs for children and families at schools through teacher and university student collaboration – learning for all

Pre-service training for student teachers as a part of a course

In-service training model for the teachers

<u>Science ambassador</u> model for university science students



Online course in English for teachers and pre-service teachers

Module 1: Project-based learning in STEAM education

Module 2: StarT LUMA programme (every country has a possibility to include their own materials/examples)



International StarT LUMA Science Camp in Helsinki:

For participating teachers and student teachers

<u>Co-designing:</u> All interested parties are welcome to join (let us know by the end of Nov 2024)

Participation: we will inform later, once we have dates and programme



Other collaboration possibilities

MOU agreements (7 countries)

StarT LUMA steering group Joint research Erasmus+ projects

A partner of society in Finland: Helsinki City and schools as their segregation program

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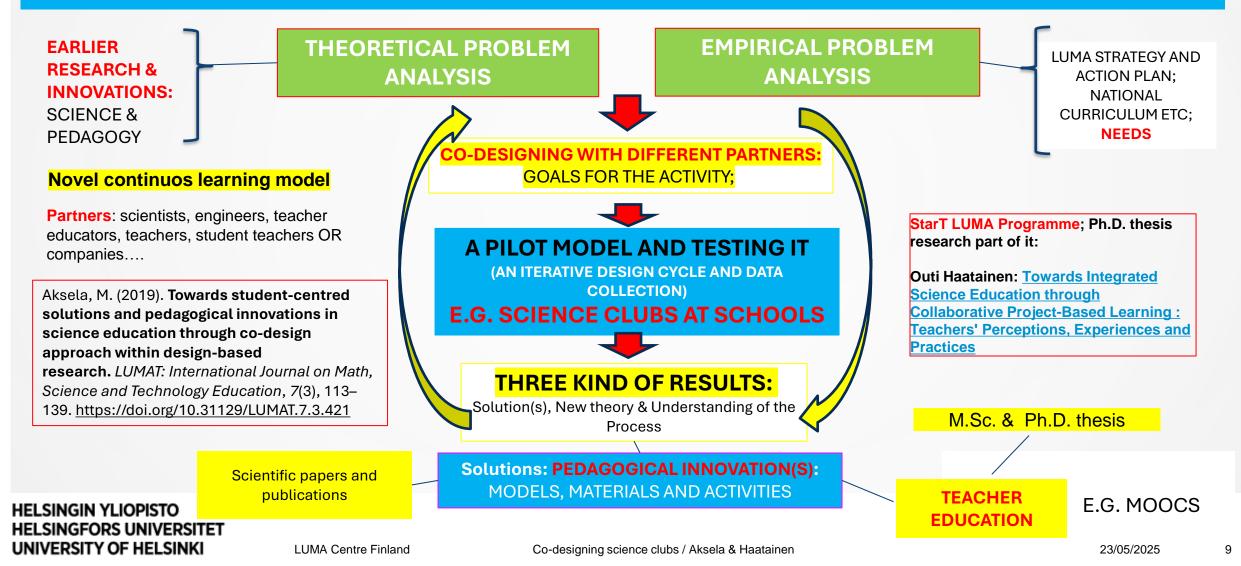
LUMA Centre Finland

23/05/2025

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Research-based solutions: COLLABORATIVE DESIGN-BASED RESEARCH AS A FRAMEWORK TOOL





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CO-DESIGNING: THEORETICAL PROBLEM ANALYSIS THROUGH PBL MOOC

Module 1: PBL in STEAM education

- Compulsory theory part of the course with many examples
- Final assignment: planning a PBL module (science club models)
- **2** credit points (appr. 54 hours of work)
- Content agreed with each partner and can be added later for example by students



Module 2: StarT LUMA programme

- Additional content from partner countries and introduction to StarT LUMA programme
- For example, sharing the co-designed STEAM activies done in science clubs

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THEORETICAL PROBLEM ANALYSIS FORMAL, NON-FORMAL AND INFORMAL LEARNING

Table I. Differences between Formal, Non-formal and Informal Learning

Formal	Non-formal	Informal	
Usually at school	At institution out of school	Everywhere	
May be repressive	Usually supportive	Supportive	
Structured	Structured	Unstructured	
Usually prearranged	Usually prearranged	Spontaneous	
Motivation is typically more extrinsic	Motivation may be extrinsic but it is typically more intrinsic	Motivation is mainly intrinsic	
Compulsory	Usually voluntary	Voluntary	
Teacher-led	May be guide or teacher-led	Usually learner-led	
Learning is evaluated	Learning is usually not evaluated	Learning is not evaluated	
Sequential	Typically non-sequential	Non-sequential	

Eshach, H. (2007). Bridging In-school and Out-of-school Learning: Formal, Non-Formal, and Informal Education. *Journal of Science Education and Technology*, *16*(2), p. 174. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10956-006-9027-1</u>

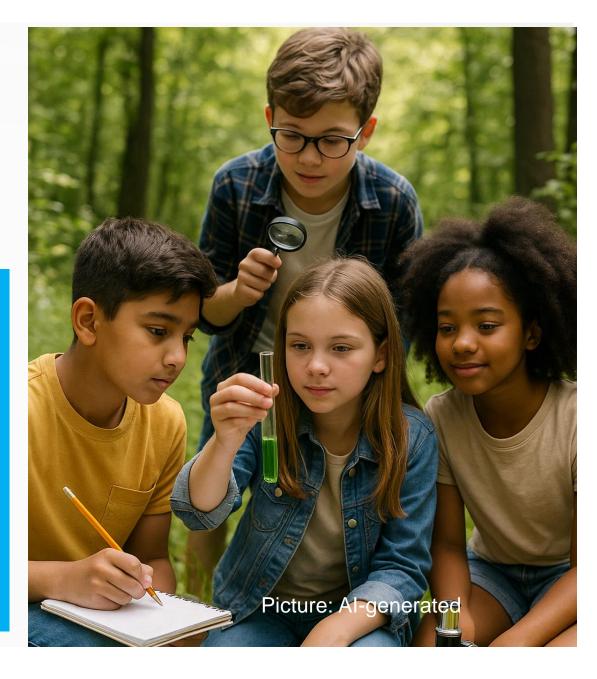
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THEORETICAL PROBLEM ANALYSIS

PROJECT-BASED LEARNING

- A collaborative, student-driven, teacher-facilitated pedagogical approach that organizes learning around clearly defined projects
- Roots in constructivism theories of learning: learning is context-specific, learners are involved actively in the learning process, and they achieve their goals through social interactions and the sharing of knowledge and understanding
- Recommended for STE(A)M education and ESD

(Birdman et al., 2021; Haatainen & Aksela, 2021; Kokotsaki et al., 2016)



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RQ1: USED MODEL FOR CO-DESIGNING

Science clubs as collaboration between the University of Helsinki, the Helsinki City and StarT programme – supporting culturally sustainable STEAM education

Pre-service teachers, university course (theory and practice at science clubs), learning through collaboration

Primary school teachers, continuous learning during a science club					
ectures & MOOC on PBL Meetings with		Primary school pupils, science clubs			
Planning and implementing the		3 rd a	nd 4 th graders	Families	
science club Experimental work in LUMAlab Gadolin	Reflecting and giving feedback for student teachers	once	0 min sessions a week	Invited to the last club session	reliter
StarT LUMA webinar: presenting	Participating in science clubs	scier	erimental nce activities ect as a group	Club participants present their projects and get	Starl
the club projects and learning	Voluntary: MOOC on PBL, StarT	work	C I	diplomas	
YLIOPISTO DRS UNIVERSITET	LUMA webinar		Listening students feedback during a	' questions, wishes and science club	

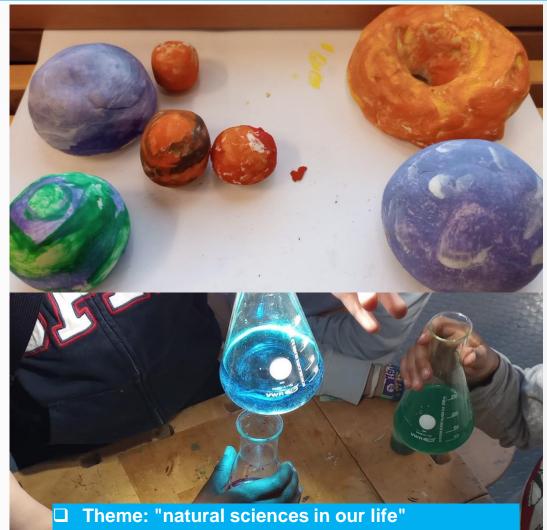
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6 sessions; once a week

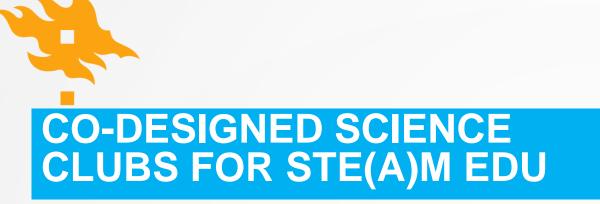
RQ2: A PEDAGOGICAL SOLUTION: CO-DESIGNED SCIENCE CLUBS FOR STE(A)M EDU

- 1st session: Introductions and writing rules together, discussing natural sciences in our lives and interesting topics
- 2nd session: Groups choose their own projectquestion and plan their project
- 3rd and 4th sessions: Project related inquiry, experiments and discussions
- 5th session: Planning the final session together and making project presentation
- 6th session: a small "science fair"



- 90 min. sessions, once a week
- Each session includes an experimental science activitity and project working in group

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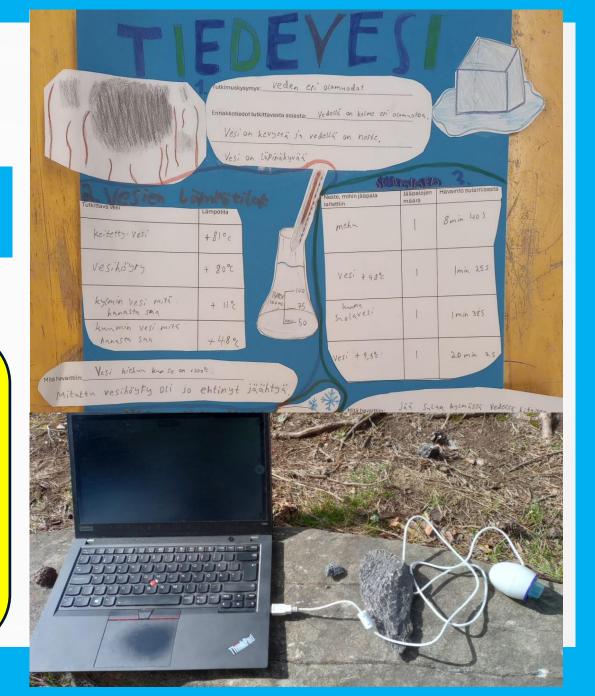


• 6th session: a small "science fair"

"I'm gonna show how to do sugar rainbows at home!" (club participant, 2024)

"They told me it was the best club so far!" (parent, 2024)

"Thank you! Nice that you enable our participation to see the children's projects" (parent, 2024)



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PRELIMINARY CONCLUSIONS

•Co-designing science clubs for non-formal learning environments between student teachers and in-service teachers can be fruitful.

•A PBL (Project-Based Learning) **MOOC** could support the co-design process for student teachers by providing access to previous research and practical examples. However, the use of English as the language of instruction was challenging for some students.

•Relevant, student-centred solutions for science clubs could be successfully codesigned. We developed a student-centred science club model consisting of six sessions. The final session, which included families in a small science fair, was seen as an inspiring and engaging element.

•Nevertheless, further research is needed. Additional cycles of design-based research are required to deepen our understanding and refine the model



THANK YOU!

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